

PHYS 451 Quantum Mechanics I (Spring 2020)
Homework #4, due Thursday February 20 in class

Dirac delta function, Probability current, Transmission and reflection coefficients

1. Consider the function

$$g(x) = \frac{a}{\pi} \frac{\sin^2(x/a)}{x^2}.$$

Show that it can be a valid representation of the Dirac delta function in the limit $a \rightarrow 0^+$. Specifically, show that in this limit the following properties hold true:

- (a) $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} g(x)f(x)dx = f(0)$ for any reasonably slow-changing function $f(x)$.
- (b) $g(x) = g(-x)$.
- (c) $xg(x) = 0$.
- (d) $g(cx) = \frac{1}{|c|}g(x)$, where c is a constant.
- (e) $g'(-x) = -g'(x)$.
- (f) $xg'(x) = -g(x)$.

2. Consider the 1D Gaussian wave packet moving in free space

$$\psi(x, t=0) = \frac{1}{(\pi a^2)^{1/4}} \exp \left[ibx - \frac{x^2}{2a^2} \right],$$

where a and b are some real constants and $a > 0$.

- (a) Calculate the probability current j_x for every point x at time $t = 0$.
 - (b) Calculate the probability density, $\rho(x, t)$, explicitly for any $t > 0$.
 - (c) Use this probability density and verify that the continuity equation holds true at $t = 0$.
3. Find the transmission and reflection coefficients for the potential in the form of a step-function:

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , x < 0 \\ V_0 & , x \geq 0 \end{cases},$$

where $V_0 > 0$. Assume that the particle is incident from the left and the energy of the particle is greater than V_0 . Examine the limiting cases $E \rightarrow V_0$ and $E \rightarrow \infty$.